



State Disaster Management Authority

Lower Lachumiere, Shillong

Thunderstorm & Lightning:

Do's and Don'ts

If Outdoor

Do's

To avoid the exposure of lightning while outdoors, some tips for safety and to reduce the risk are:

- Check the weather forecast before participating in outdoor activities. If you see thunderstorm & Lightning stay indoor for 30 minutes.
- Do not go out of house during adverse weather especially for working in agriculture field. Grazing cattle, fishing and plying boats or general travel.
- When thunder roars, be inside safe shelter. Avoid metal structures and constructions with metal sheeting. Safe shelters include homes, offices, shopping centres and hard-top vehicles with windows rolled up.



- If you are caught outside with no safe shelter nearby, immediately get off elevated areas such as hills, mountains ridges, or peaks.
- If you are caught in an open areas act quickly to remove yourself from danger.
- Ideally, find a shelter in a low=lying area and make sure that the spot chosen is not likely to be flooded.
- Hair standing up on the back of your neck with tingling could indicate that lightning is imminent.
- Immediately get out of and away from ponds, lakes and other water bodies.
- Keep away from all utility lines and objects that conduct electricity (telephone, power, metal frnces, overhead wire, rail-road tracks, wind mills, etc), tress and hilltops.
- Rubber-soled and car tyres do not offer protection from lightning.
- If you are in group during thunderstorm, than keep adequate distance to reduce risk.
- To download Damini Mobile App through Playstore for Alerts.

Don'ts

 Do not go outside during adverse weather especially for working in agriculture field, grazing cattle, fishing and plying boats



- Do not take shelter under electrical or telephone poles or trees. These attract lightning.
- Do not use metallic items and stay away from bikes, electric or telephone poles, wire fence, machines etc.
- If you are working in an open space field/outdoor and do not have enough time to take shelter in a safe place, crouch down in a ball-like position with your head tucked and hands over your eyes with minimal contact with the ground and make yourelf a smaller target.
- · Never use mobile phones during lightning.
- Do not use umbrellas with iron rods.

If at home or Indoor

Even though shelters like your homes, offices, shopping centres are considered safe during a lightning storm, a person may still be at risk. Here are some tips to keep yourself safe:



Do's

- Keep monitoring local media for updates and warning instructions by various modes of communication.
- Stay indoors and avoid travel if possible.
- Keep away from doors, windows, porches and concrete floors, fireplaces, stoves, bathtubs, or any other electrical conductors during a thunderstorm.

- Unplug electrical/ electronic appliances like computers, laptop, game systems, washers, dryers, stoves, or anything connected to an electrical outlet, as the main power supply may conduct a power surge during a lightning storm.
- Close windows and doors, and secure objects outside your home (e.g. furniture, bins, etc).
- . Ensure that children and pet animals are inside.
- Remove tree timber or any other debris that may fly and cause an accident.

Don'ts

- Do not take a bath or a shower, wash dishes, or have any other contact with stagnant or running water. This is because lightning can travel through a building's plumbing and metal pipes.
- Do not use electric/electronic appliances including corded phone and any metal wire or bars.
- Avoid using corded phones and other electrical equipment that can conduct lightning. However, it is safe to use cordless phones during a storm.
- Avoid open vehicles such as convertibles, motorcycles and golf carts. Etc.
- Avoid open structure/spaces such as porches, support arenas (such as golf course, parks, and playgrounds), ponds, lakes, swimming pools and beaches.



Do's and don'ts on travel

- Check the weather forecast before outdoor activities.
 If there is a forecast or warning for thunderstorm, postpone travel or outdoor activities.
- During a thunderstorm, avoid open vehicles such as convertibles, motorcycles, and golf carts. Be sure to avoid open structures such as porches, baseball dugouts, and sports arenas. And stay away from open spaces such as golf sources, parks, playgrounds, ponds, lakes, swimming pools and beaches.
- Get off bicycles, motorcycles or farm vehicles that may attract lightning.
- If boating or swimming, get to land as quickly as possible and take away shelter in a safe place.



- During a storm, remain in your vehicle until help arrives or the storm has passed (the metal roof will provide protection if you are not touching metal inside); windows should be up and the vehicle must be parked away from trees and power lines.
- Move out of forest area (especially pine forest) towards clear ground. There is possibility of forest fire due to lightning strike.

Lightning: First Aid treatment

First aid to lightning struck victims while waiting for professional medical attention can save their lives. It is safe to touch a lightning strike victim.



- Check to see if the victim is breathing and has heartbeat. The best place to check for pulse is the carotid artery which is found on your neck directly below your jaw.
- If the victim is not breathing, immediately begin mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If the victim does not have pulse beat, start cardiac compression as well (CPR).
- Check whether the person who survived from a lightning strike has broken bones that can paralysis or major bleeding complications.
- Be aware of the continuing lightning danger to both the victim and rescuer. If the area where the victim is located in a high risk area, then move the victim immediately to a safer location.
- People struck by lightning carry no electrical charge and be handles safely.
- Check for broken bones, lose of hearing and eyesight.
- A victim of a lightning strike can suffer varying degrees of burn, shock, and sometimes blunt trauma. Check the injury, if necessary move the person to hospital for treatment.
- Call helpline number 1078, and give correct directions to reach the exact location and information about the condition of the strike victim(s). Take the person who is struck by lightning to a hospital, if possible.

Note: States may customize the contents of the Do's and Don'ts for their own use depending on their local experience and best practices.